#### 10/06/2012

# The Sad, Depressed or Withdrawn Patient

Common presentation which may be a normal response to loss/stress, associated with physical illness or occur in mental illness (depression, anxiety, personality disorder or psychosis).

## Management

**S**afety

**Assessment** 

Confirmation of provisional diagnosis

Consultation

Immediate treatment

Transfer of care

### Safety:

Close observation. Risk of absconding from ED and committing suicide. ?Children involved.

#### Assessment

# History:

- Elucidate reason for presentation and any precipitating event or stressor?
- Any substance use, past history of depression or psychiatric treatment?

## Depression symptoms include:

- Pervasive low mood
- ↓Enjoyment from usual activities
- Suicidal ideation or fixated with death
- Hopelessness or helplessness
- Worthlessness or guilt

There may be psychotic symptoms.

- Biological symptoms (sleeping probs, early waking, lethargy, \libido, \lambdappetite)
- Psychomotor retardation or agitation
- Poor concentration
- Anxiety

Elderly may present with somatic symptoms, self-neglect or change in function and/or cognition Adolescents may be atypical - irritability, somatic complaints, labile mood,  $\uparrow$ sleep,  $\uparrow$ wt, impulsive Exam - Physical & Mental State

- Will the patient talk? Is there evidence of intoxication?
- Note psychotic features (e.g. delusions, hallucinations)
- Note depressed appearance/facies, psychomotor agitation or retardation.
- Assess the risk of self-harm: be alert for hopelessness, suicidal ideation and agitation.

Medical conditions associated: viral infection, endocrine (hypothyroidism, hyperPTH, adrenocortical insufficiency, Cushing's), malignancy, Vit B12 def, cerebrovascular disease, drugs

## Confirmation

Corroboration: from GP, family & friends, medical notes.

Investigations: If possible underlying medical condition suspected

#### Consultation

Timely MH review if marked depression, psychotic symptoms or suicidal ideation.

#### Initial treatment

Rarely started w/o MH team input. Options: Counselling, CBT, psychotherapy, Rx (SSRI 1st line).

### Transfer of care

If no suicidal ideation and adequately supported can d/c with firm f/u arrangements (GP, crisis team, psychiatrist). If mod-sev depression or high suicide risk then admission may be required.